



# Empowering First Nation Development through Land Registry Procedures

First Nation Land Governance Registry (FNLGR)

**OPEN HOUSE SERIES** 

West Region | Prairie Region | East Region

# **Land Development Procedures**

Customized guidelines for each community on how to implement their unique LUP. Development Procedures clarify the processes that proponents (including the First Nation) will follow for undertaking development on reserve lands.

#### Changing, converting or restoring landforms



- Clearing vegetation
- Tree removal
- Grading & filling
- Gravel quarries
- Mining & resources
- Habitat restoration

# Installing and maintaining infrastructure or other public works



- Water treatment plants
- Transfer stations
- Stormwater management
- Irrigation canals
- Pipelines

# Construction, alteration, renovation, demolition of physical structures



- Homes, offices and industrial facilities, hospitals, schools
- Fences, swimming pools
- Decks, sheds, garages
- Lighting and signage

# Subdividing, stratifying, dividing interests in lands or structures



- Leases
- Permits
- Sub-leases Easements
- LicencesRights-of-Way

#### Connecting to utilities and other services



- Electricity
- Renewable energy
- Internet
- Telephone
- Natural gas
- Wastewater

#### **Transportation infrastructure**



- Roads
- Intersections
- Bridges
- Parking lots
- Sidewalks
- Public trails
- Airports





Decommissiona & Demolition

Post-closure monitoring

#### Land Development Procedures under Land Code

Land development does not always follow a linear path. This information is provided to aid in understanding the basic stages and logic of land development procedures.

Stages in Development Procedures Administrative Tools Example Laws, Plans & Policies LAND USE PLAN Expression of Interest Form **Project Conception** Site Development Application Form, Chart & Checklist SUBDIVISION, DEVELOPMENT & SERVICING LAW Pre-development Application & Application Fee Schedule BUILDING LAW Screening Invoice Template and Tracking ZONING LAW ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT LAW Project Assessment Servicing and Utilities Plan CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION LAW Site planning, layout and design SOIL DEPOSIT, TRANSPORT AND REMOVAL LAW Legal Land Surveys & Subdivisions LAND DOCUMENT REGISTRATION LAW Acquiring an Interest Land Registry Forms ALLOTMENT LAW \*Can occur at any stage Lease template LAND INTERESTS LAW LUP Amendment/Zoning Variance Security/Performance Bond ZONING, DEVELOPMENT AND BUILDING LAWS **Authorizations & Construction Development Permit** Community Monitoring Compliance Monitoring Stop-work Orders Soil & Fill Permit ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS **Environmental Remediation Orders Business Licence** Final Inspections Occupancy & Post-Development COMMUNITY QUALITY LAW As-built Drawings Post-development Monitoring

Certificate of Substantial Completion

Final Occupancy Permit

TICKETING & ENFORCEMENT LAW

# **Example Development Process**



# Evzļ øjdř<del>-neft</del>öřş-Mzstinl-Kzlč-Kzüř



Land Use, Zoning, and Development



Allotment, Interests, & Licences



**Environmental Assessment & Protection** 



Natural Resource Management



Trespass, Enforcement, & Ticketing



**Residential Tenancy** 



**Business Permitting & Licencing** 



First Nation Expropriation

# **Consulting the First Nation Land Office**

A critical initial step in the development process



# **Parcel Research**

**Legal Surveys** 

Registered Interests

First Nation records for outstanding issues

First Nations Laws, Plans, and Policies

Land Development Procedures

# Land Code Governance: Managing Interests and Rights



Interests active when the land code comes into force will continue under their current terms and conditions.

First Nations are not restricted by the terms of a designation if no interests were granted on the designated lands.





Existing rights of locatees in possession of First Nation land (issued under Indian Act) to transfer, lease and share in natural resource revenues are defined in the land code.

New interests, land rights, or licenses can only be acquired or granted in accordance with the land code.





# Types of Interests on First Nation Lands

#### **First Nation Land**

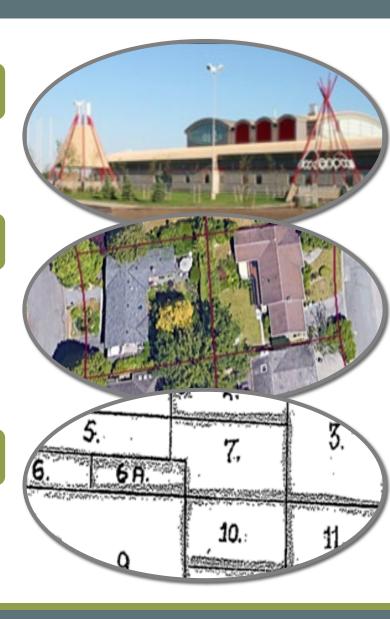
- Managed for the use and benefit of the community.
- **Zoning laws** guide land use for: Schools, Health and Government Offices, Housing, Infrastructure, Conservation areas, First Nation-owned businesses

## **Individual Holdings**

- Allocation governed by a First Nation's Land Code and related laws/policies.
- Not all First Nations grant individual holdings; this depends on their specific Land Code.
- Member interests may include: Residential, Recreational, Commercial holdings
- Non-Members cannot hold permanent interests in First Nation land.

## Traditional, Custom, or Family Holdings

- Often unregistered and based on: Oral agreements, Outdated land descriptions
- Critical to resolve for transitioning to **modern land governance systems**.



# Types of Interests on First Nation Lands (cont.)

## Lease, Sublease, Mortgage

- Applies to **Non-Member or third-party interests** on First Nation land.
- Interests granted under a **First Nation's Land Code**, including **leases**, **subleases**, **and mortgages**.
- Examples of leased land use include commercial or retail spaces, offices rented to third-party institutions, churches and healing lodges, recreational facilities, and post offices.

### Licence

- Grants the **right to use or occupy** First Nation land without conferring a legal interest.
- In Quebec, similar rights apply for **use or occupation** that do not constitute **ownership or a formal interest** in the land.
- Common uses for licences include **cutting timber** and **removing minerals, stone**, **sand**, **gravel**, **clay**, **soil**, **or other materials**.

## Permit, Easement, or Right of Way

 Used for infrastructure and access, including utilities, roads, and access paths or corridors.



# Registration of Interests on First Nation Lands

#### Framework Agreement

First Nation Self-Government over Reserve Lands







#### **FNLRS**

First Nation Lands Registry System



#### **Land Development**

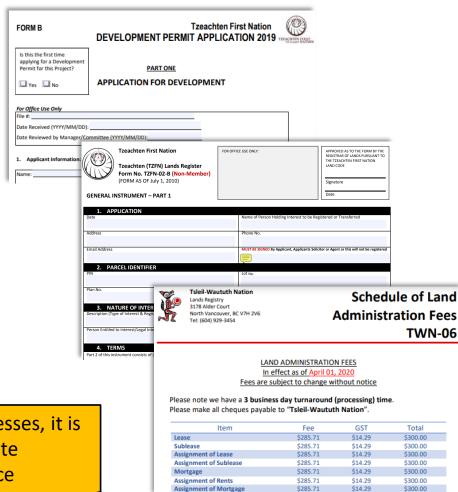
- Laws, Policies & Procedures
- Development Applications
- Environmental Approvals
- Development Permits & Fees

#### **Land Registry**

- Land Code, Laws, Policy & Procedure
- Land Survey and Subdivision
- Land Registry Forms
- Registration Fees

Each First Nation will have their own processes, it is important to contact the appropriate

First Nation Land Governance Office



# First Nation Panel

#### **WEST**

- Malahat First Nation, Melissa Tokarek
- T'Sou-ke First Nation, Bonnie Hill

#### **PRAIRIES**

- Long Plain First Nation, Jody Merrick
- Whitecap Dakota Nation, Tracey Lafond

#### EAST – Keynote Address

• Chief Derek Epp, Ch'iyáqtel First Nation

- 1. What are your community's key priorities and considerations when planning land development projects, and how do these align with cultural, environmental, and economic goals?
- 2. How does your current land registry system support or hinder efficient land management, and what improvements or features would you prioritize in a new or updated registry?
- 3. How does your First Nation ensure transparency, community input, and self-governance in decision-making processes related to land development and land registry procedures?



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