



Implications of the new legislation – Framework Agreement on First Nation Land Management Act (FAFNLMA)

Welcome







Today's Webinar 🔷



Implications of the new legislation – Framework Agreement on First Nations Land Management Act (FAFNLMA)



Mute Devices



Recorded Session



Closed Caption



Presentation & Materials



Interactive Discussion

Today's Speaker



Andrew Beynon Director, Land Code Governance





THE NEW Framework Agreement on First Nation Land Management Act (FAFNLMA)

- The new FAFNLMA came into force on December 15, 2022
- The old FNLMA was also repealed on December 15, 2022
 - The emphasis is on the Framework Agreement.....even in the title of Canada's law
 - The FAFNLMA recognizes that the Framework Agreement signed by First Nations has the force of law
 - The Framework Agreement respects inherent and treaty rights to govern self-government under land codes and First Nation laws
 - Eliminating the old FNLMA delivers a hammer blow to any argument that Parliament dictates or delegates lands governance
 - Canada has repealed the old text which did not correctly track the Framework Agreement
 - The FAFNLMA echoes Canada's treatment of all other self-government agreements the agreement has the force of law

The new FAFNLMA states that the Framework Agreement has the force of law.

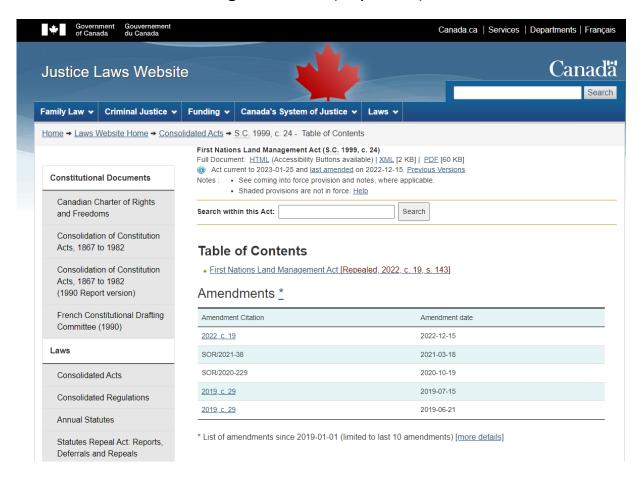
IMPLEMENTATION: The New FAFNLMA is Already in Place

- The new FAFNLMA provides in part for the **continuation** of the Framework Agreement
- The FANLMA provides that all actions taken previously under the FNLMA and Framework Agreement continue in force

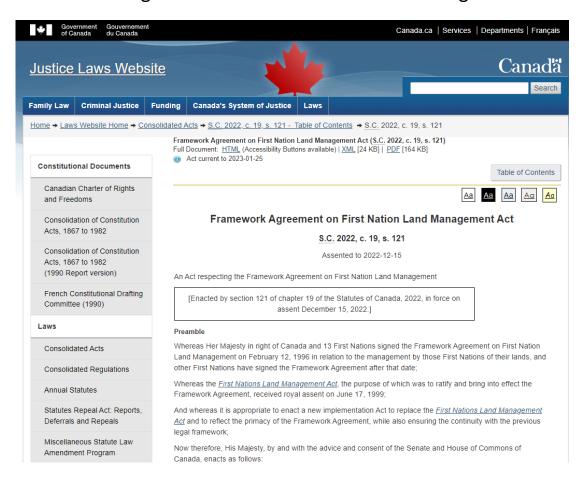
- First Nation land offices do not have to go back and amend land codes, existing First Nation laws, leases, licences and registered instruments to fix references to the old FNLMA
- Going forward, for legal documents, the FAFNLMA is referred to as "<u>Framework Agreement on First Nation Land Management Act</u>, S.C. 2022, c.19, s.121" on the federal Justice Canada website
- The FAFNLMA was passed as part of a federal budget omnibus Bill but now stands as a separate law

Federal Justice Laws Website

First Nation Land Management Act (Repealed)



Framework Agreement on First Nation Land Management Act



https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/F-11.8/

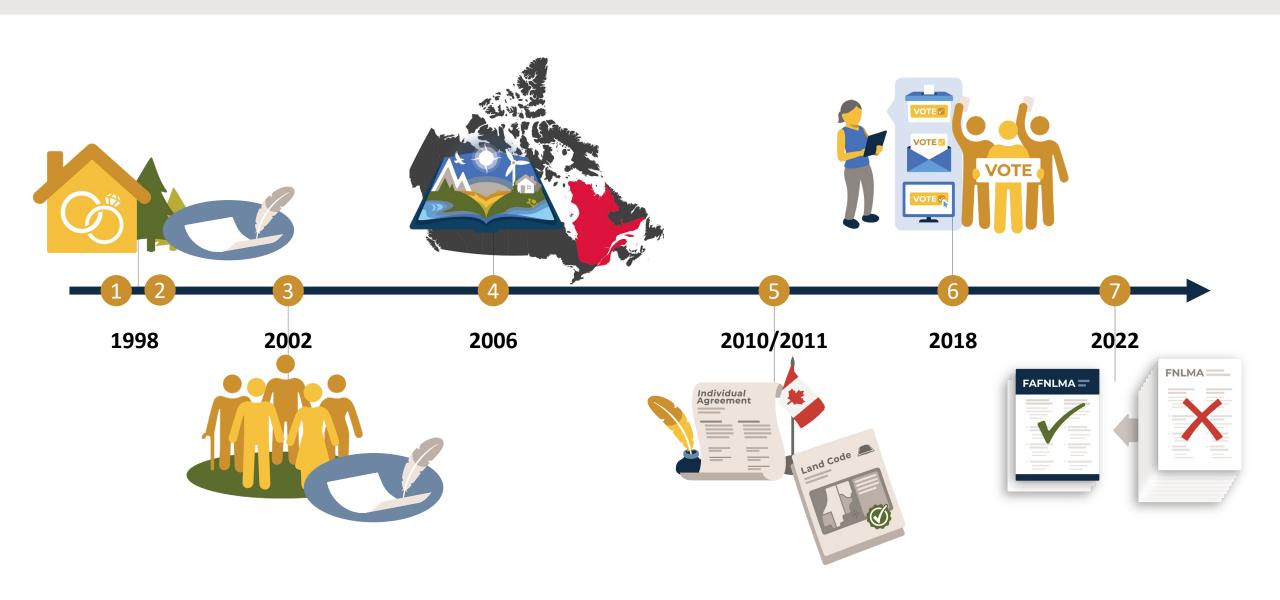
https://laws.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/f-31.46/fulltext.html



History of Framework Agreement Amendments

- The Framework Agreement is flexible and has been improved through amendments over the past twenty-five years
- The Framework Agreement can only be amended with the agreement of land code First Nations......at least 2/3rds of First Nations which have ratified the Agreement (operational First Nations)
- A summary of amendment history can be found in today's materials
- The consolidated text of the Framework Agreement with all amendments, including the most recent amendment 7 will soon published on our website
- The FAFNLMA gives the force of law to the Framework Agreement as amended over time

History of Framework Agreement Amendments





Future Amendments to the Framework Agreement

 The July 2022 AGM of land code First Nations leadership (Saskatchewan) included a discussion of potential future improvements to the Framework Agreement

• The September 2023 AGM (Fraser Valley) will include a more detailed discussion of potential amendments

• The September 2023 AGM will likely include a discussion of timing and strategy (the next federal election is expected in 2025)

Engagement on Future Amendments

- With more than 100 operational First Nations, it is becoming more difficult to obtain unanimous approval or even 2/3rds approval for amendments
- Our thinking at the RC is that we need to maintain the 2/3_{rds} standard ... and try to improve the process for approval of amendments
- We hope to work more closely and earlier with lands managers on future amendments
- Amendments are often legalistic and technical... so we need to improve our briefing material for lands offices
- More time is needed to brief leadership before asking for signatures on amendments
- Our thinking is that we should assemble a big amendment 8 instead of a series of smaller amendments over the next few years
- There is a challenge, however, in managing timelines if we need any changes to federal legislation (e.g., Species at Risk Act)



Future Amendments

Reducing delays in the developmental process

Strengthening governance powers of operational First Nations

A new First Nations led land registry

A new approach to additions to reserve

Broader self-government and treaties

Questions & Discussion







SUMMARY

Implications of the new legislation – Framework Agreement on First Nations Land Management Act (FAFNLMA)

- Enactment of the FAFNLMA and repeal of the First Nations Land Management Act
- FAFNLMA Implementation implications for Developmental First Nations & current Operational First Nations
- Next possible FA amendments and recommendations to the RC
- Leadership engagement on FA amendments and other innovations leading up to 2023 AGM in September





2023 EVENT SCHEDULE

Implications of the new legislation – FAFNLMA

TM Virtual PD Webinar

RC Support Services Workshop

T Mvirtual P DWorkshop



Mar 30

FNNLR Update

Virtual Workshop



Jun 6-8

LAB-RC Enforcement Conference

Gatineau-Ottawa, QC



LEARNING TOOLS & SUPPORT



Workshops & Webinars

Online Courses

Knowledge Paths Tool

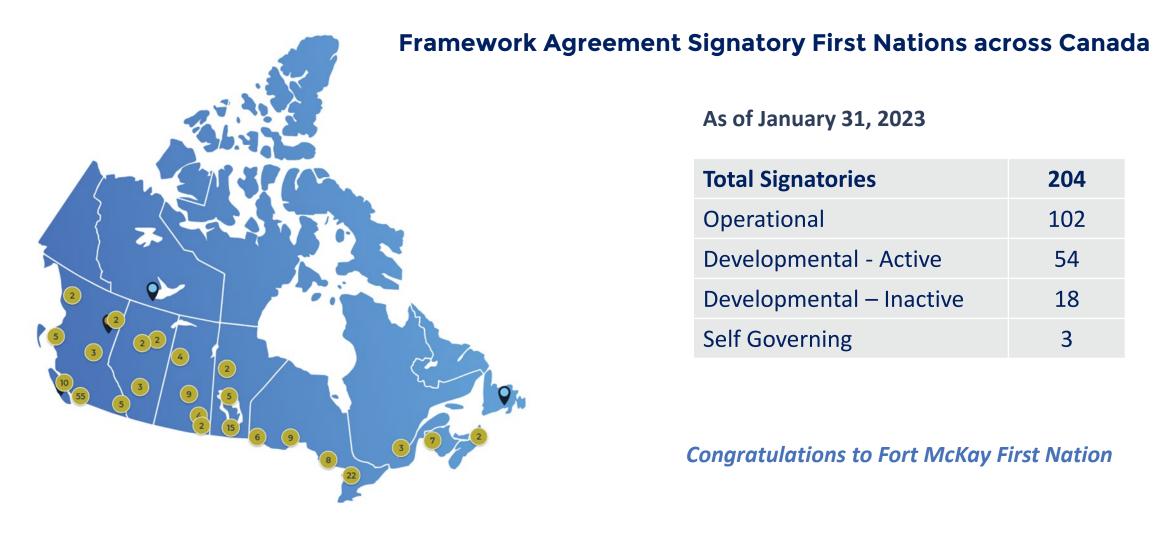
Land Governance Manual

Knowledge Repository

Direct Community Support (1:1)



COMMUNITY OF PRACTICE & SUPPORT



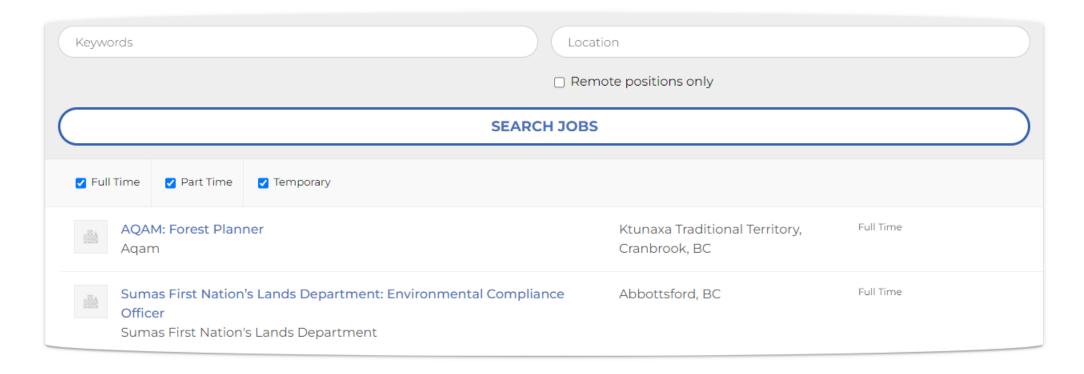
As of January 31, 2023

Total Signatories	204
Operational	102
Developmental - Active	54
Developmental – Inactive	18
Self Governing	3

Congratulations to Fort McKay First Nation



Job Opportunities (Internal and External)













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THANK YOU



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